#### Care of the Dying is a community responsibility



Prof Samar Aoun

Perron Institute Research Chair in Palliative Care, The University of Western Australia







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#### **Professor Samar Aoun**

Perron Institute Research Chair in Palliative Care
Chair, South West Compassionate Communities Network









#### What is Compassion?

- We respond with humanity and kindness to each person's pain, distress, anxiety or need.
- We search for the things we can do, however small, to give comfort and relieve suffering.
- We find time for those we serve and work alongside.
- We do not wait to be asked, because we care.

(National Health Service, 2010)







# We need to put back PASSION into COMPASSION

















## "Compassionate Communities" IS

- An aspiration and a practice.
- Inclusive.
- Committed to system change.
- A key element of a public health palliative care approach- community as an equal partner







Internationally, models of social and practical support at the end of life are gaining momentum as a result of the Compassionate Communities movement.



- A shift in the culture of care and support.
- Care that is more sustainable and affordable.
- High levels of community control and ownership.







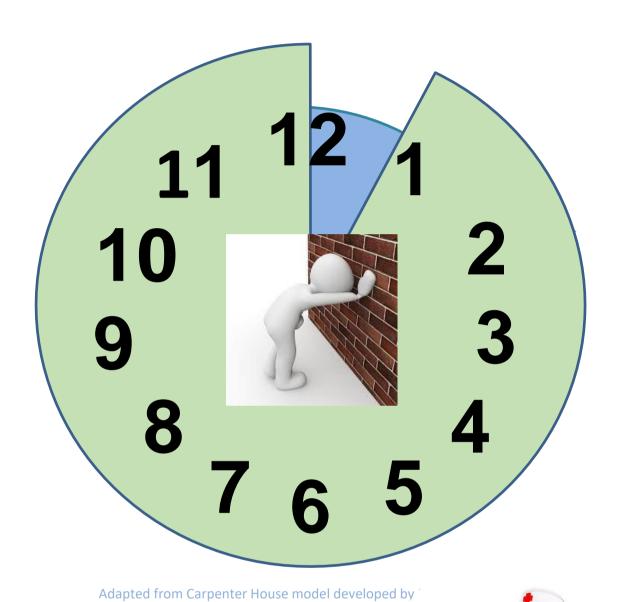
#### **EVIDENCE?**







## Only less than 5% of a person's day is contact with formal care



Formal Care <5% of the Day

- ✓ Doctor
- ✓ Nurse
- ✓ Nurse Practitioner
- Personal Support Worker
- ✓ Social Worker
- / Pharmacist



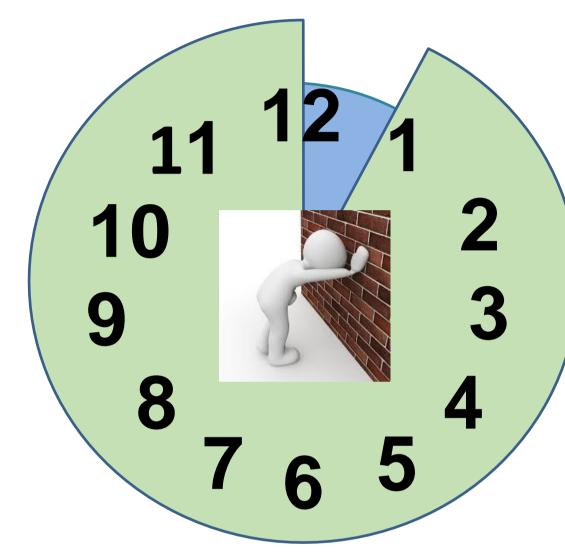




#### The other 95% of the day is about informal care

### Informal Care 95% of the Day

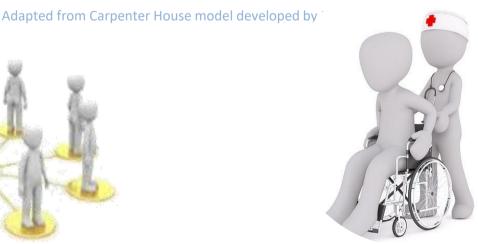
- ✓ Spouse
- √ Caregiver
- Family & Friends
- Neighbours
- Workplaces & Schools
- Community Agencies
- Municipalities
- Faith Communities
- Hospices & Volunteers





- ✓ Doctor
- ✓ Nurse
- Nurse Practitioner
- Personal Support Worker
- √ Social Worker
- √ Pharmacist



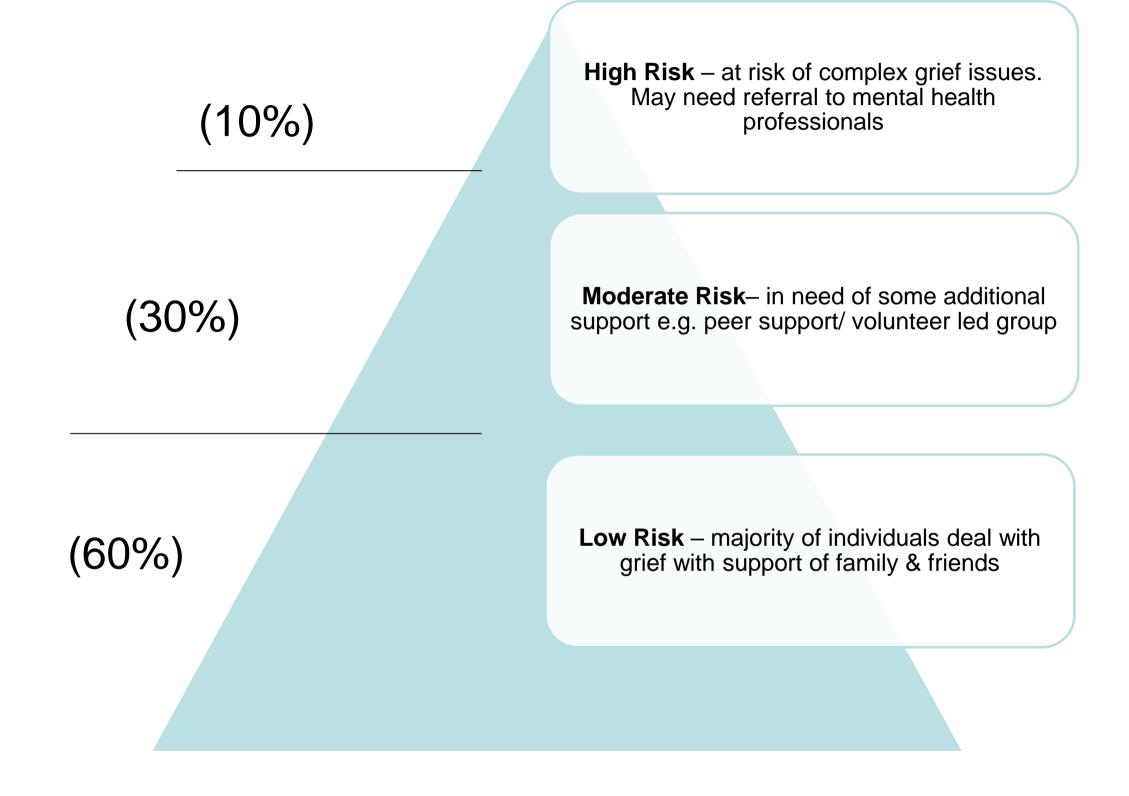








#### The Public Health Model of Bereavement Support (Aoun et al, 2015)







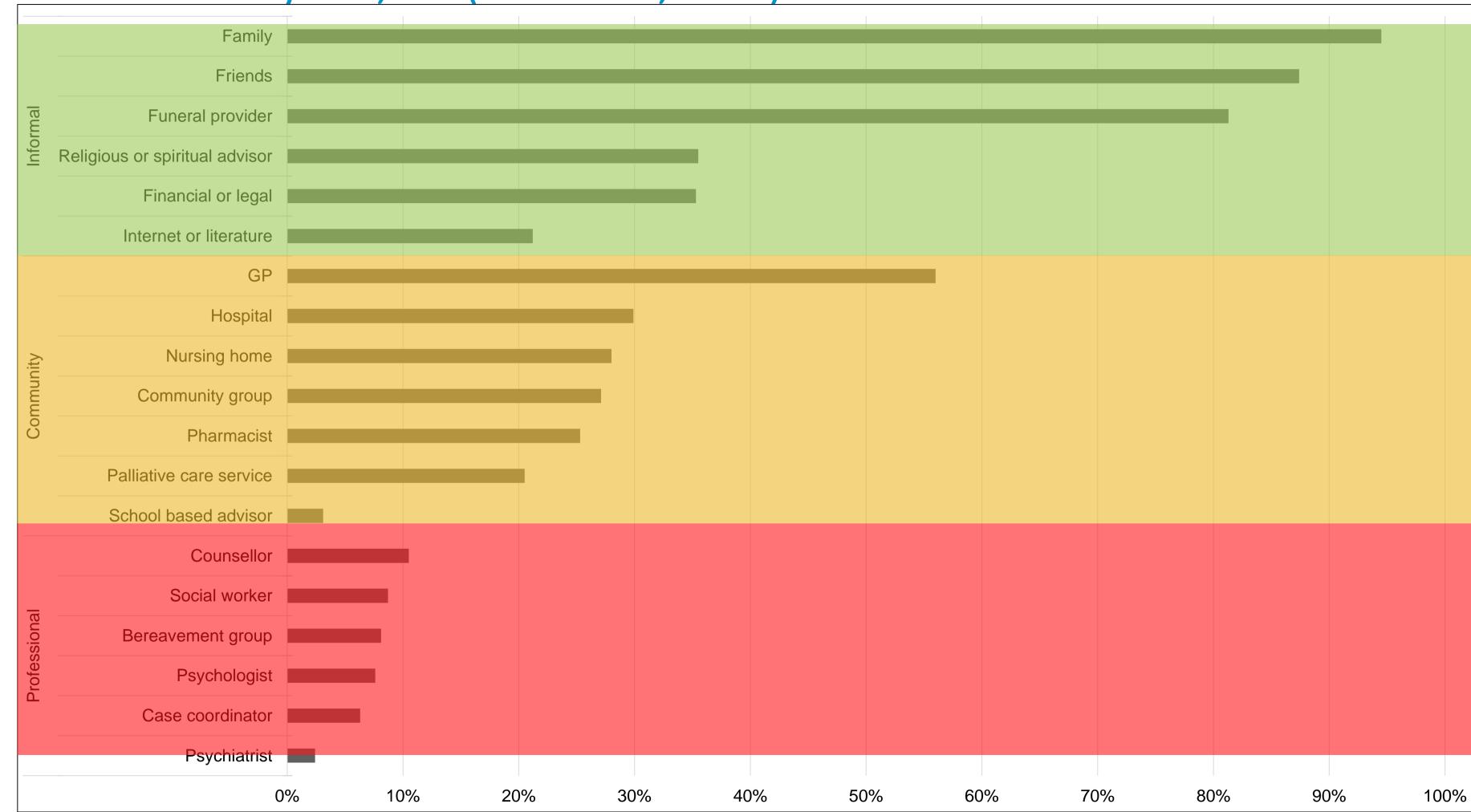




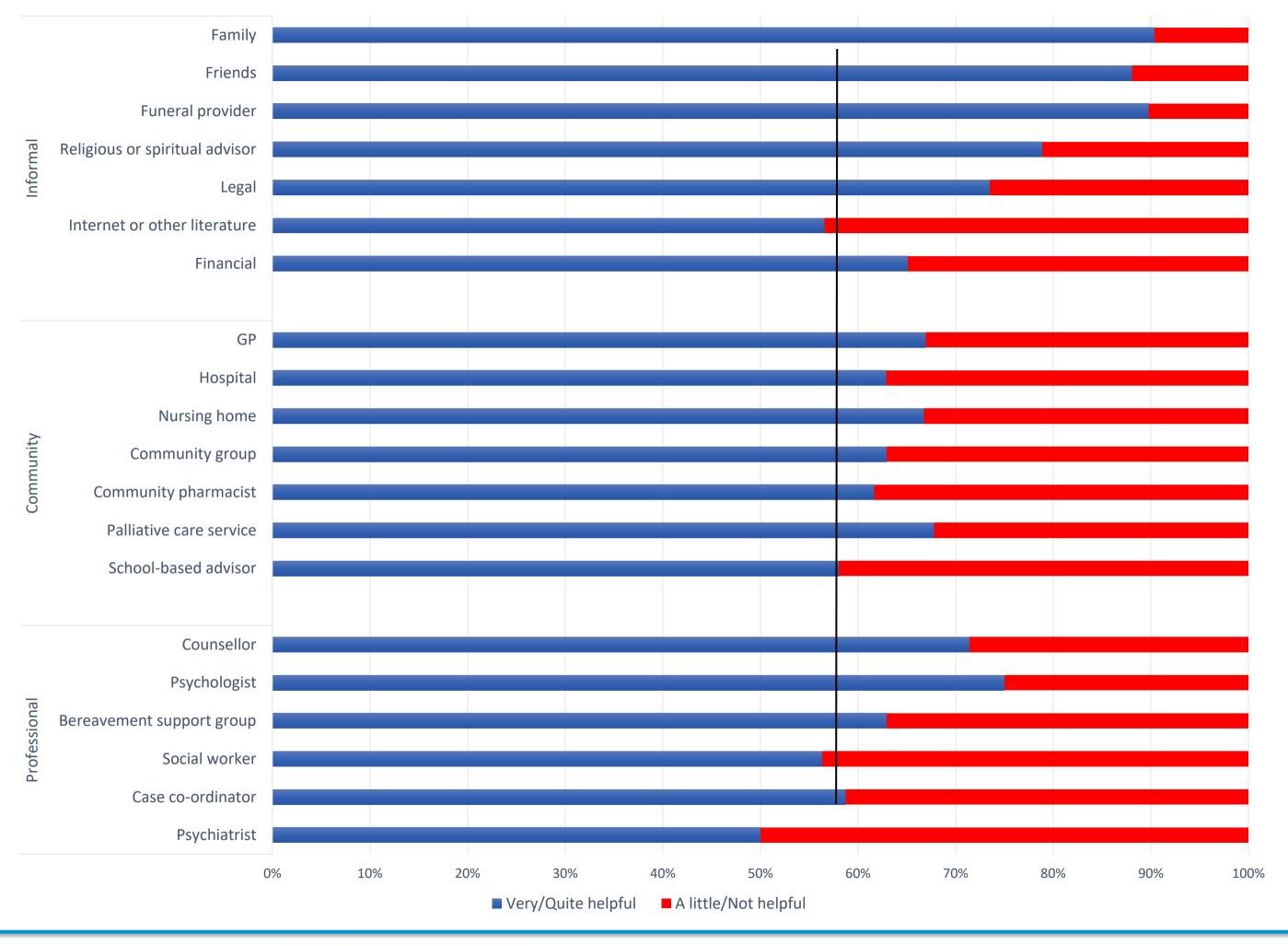




## Where people get bereavement support National survey n=1,000 (Aoun et al, 2018)



# Sources of support perceived helpful or unhelpful (Aoun et al, 2018)













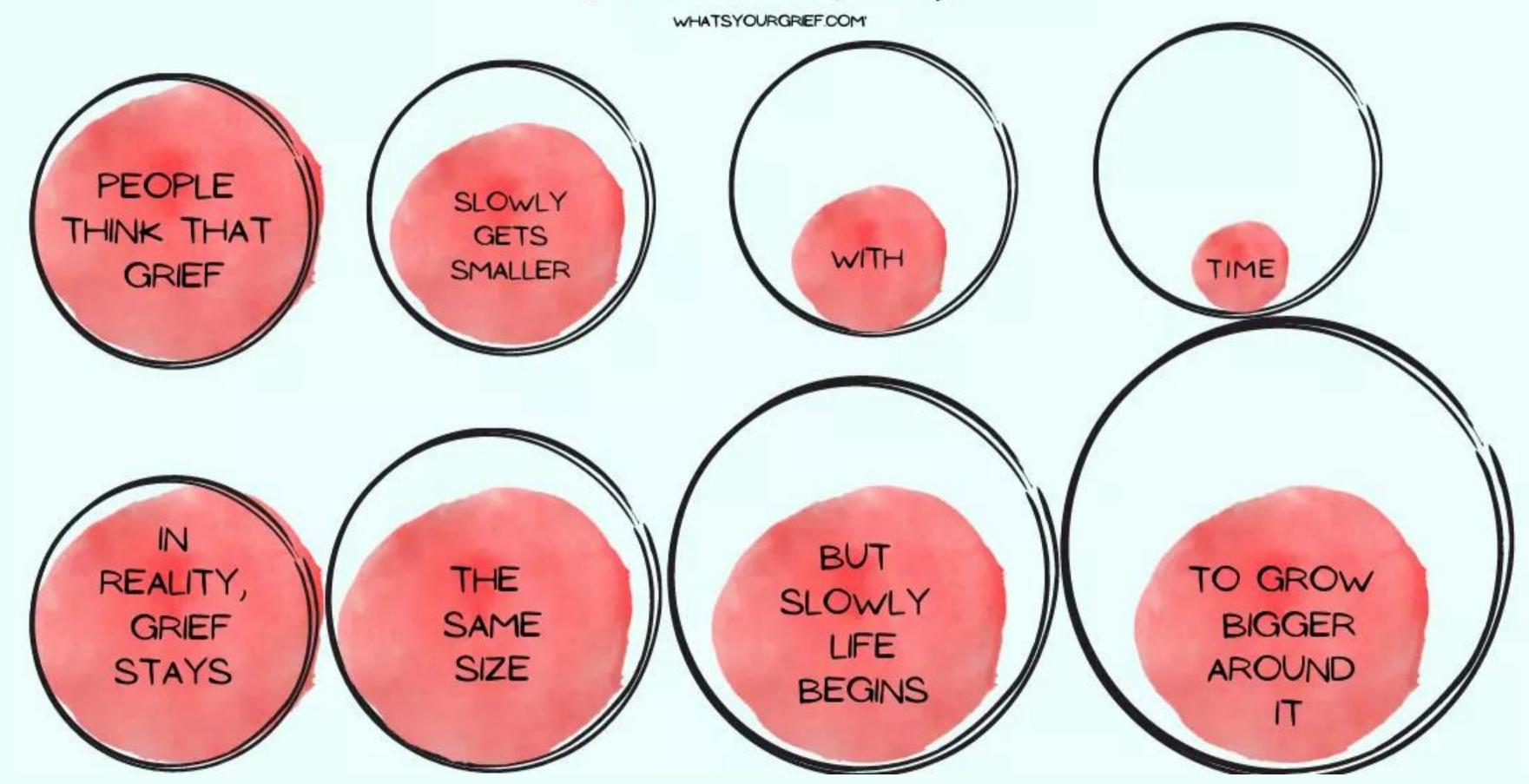




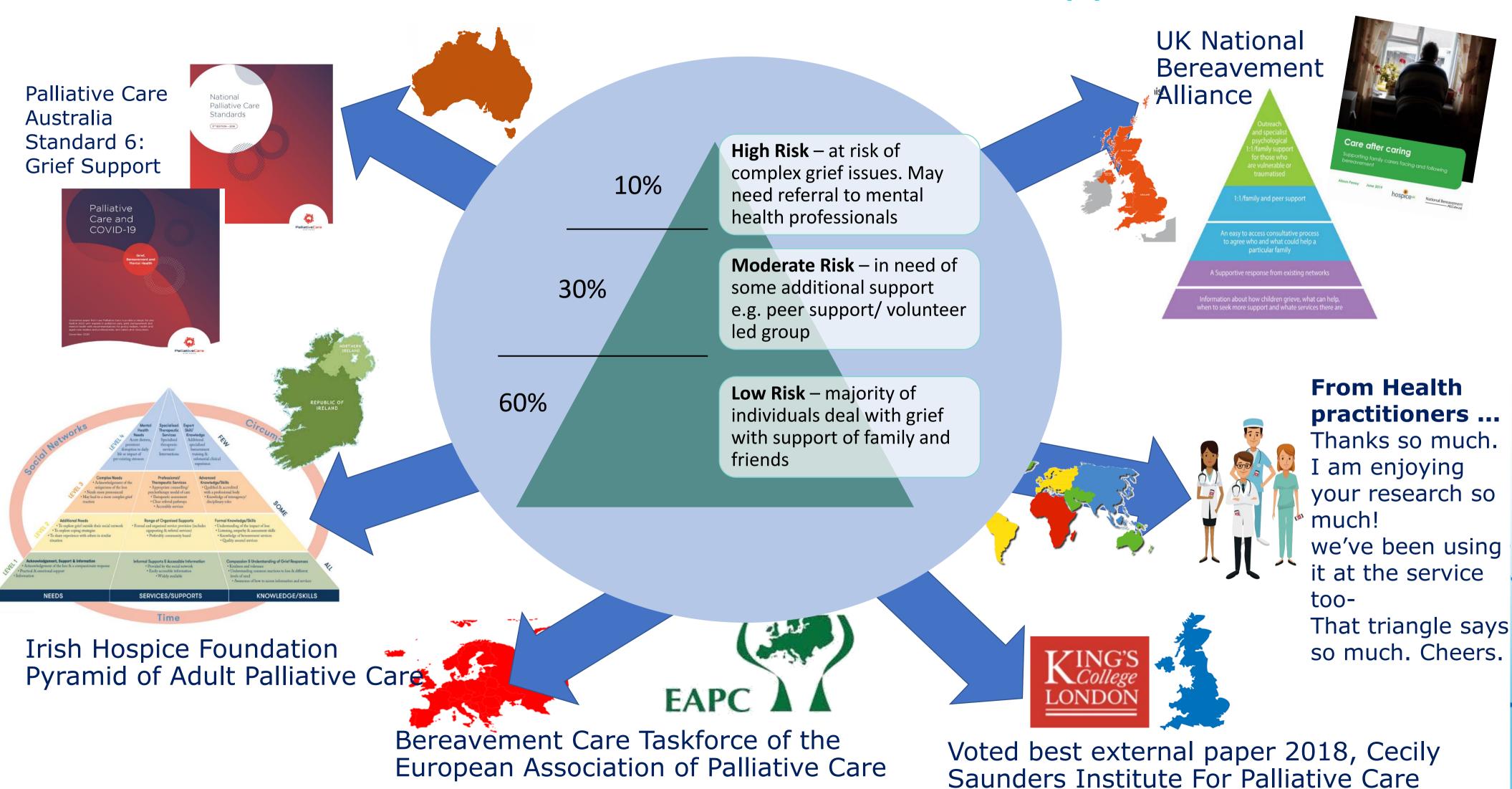


#### 'GROWING AROUND GRIEF'

(LOIS TONKIN, 1996)



#### The Public Health Model for Bereavement Support-Translation



## The number of Australians dying will double in next 25 years

Many Australians are dying in a way and in a place that does not reflect their values or their choices and their end-of-life journey is punctuated with avoidable, or unwanted, admissions to hospital with the confusion, loss of dignity and loss of control that comes with it.

Source: Productivity Commission Report, 2017









Death is a social event with a medical component, not a medical event with a social component.









## Supporting the dying is a community responsibility

Samar M. Aoun

If death and dying are to be everyone's business and responsibility,¹ we have to change the way we speak about and organise end-of-life (EOL) care. Many people die in a way and a place that is not necessarily reflective of their values or their choices. Often their EOL journey is interrupted with preventable or unnecessary admissions to hospital and they do not feel in control of this part of their life.²-5 With the number of people dying expected to keep increasing,6,7 the question is who is going to provide the care that will be needed and what kind of death will people want to experience?

Although dying is a social process, in many industrialised countries the answer is often an ever-increasing professionalisation and medicalisation

improve the experience of dying for families, communities, and ultimately the person with a terminal illness using a public health approach. 12 This approach recognises that death is a social event with a medical component, not a medical event with a social component. 5 The answer lies in supporting, looking after and caring for those who are unwell, dying, or grieving within their community network. 1,13

'Compassionate communities' is a term often applied to public health palliative care interventions that promote social outcomes such as network enhancement, <sup>13,14</sup> partnerships between formal and informal organisations, <sup>15–17</sup> death literacy, <sup>18</sup> and civic engagement. <sup>19</sup> A 'Compassionate Communities' approach recognises death and

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### It won't kill us to speak openly about death and dying

#### SAMAR AOUN



nce upon a time we were born at home and we died at home.

Death and dying — and their partners loss and grief — are still 100 per cent prevalent in Australian communities at any given time.

But today, the answer to end of life is the ever-increasing professionalisation and medicalisation of dying and its processes.

We forgot that death used to be a social event with a medical component, not as it has become now: a medical event with a social component.

Too many people are dying in a way and a place that is not reflective of their values or their choices – end of life is interrupted with preventable and costly admissions to hospital where control and even dignity are surrendered. Only 5 per cent of a dying person's time is spent with a health professional, such as their doctor or a nurse. The other 95 per cent is spent with friends, families, churches, pets, their community — and sometimes, sadly, they face death alone.

To this day, I find it amazing that the one experience we all go through is left to chance in so many ways.

The inevitability of death and dying makes it everyone's business and everyone's responsibility at some point, so we need to have a serious rethink regarding the direction end-of-life care is heading.

Let's stop overestimating the importance of professional support, and stop underestimating what family, friends and neighbours can provide.

The number of people dying is expected to double in Australia in the next 25 years. For palliative care to be accessible to everyone and everywhere, the community

needs to be an equal partner in order to provide quality healthcare at end of life.

If we are to have quality of life and quality of death, the community and palliative care services need to work in partnership, from diagnosis of the terminal illness through to bereavement.

Let's connect formal care with informal care.

Because life continues, even for the dying; here is still a daily routine — walking the dog, doing the shopping, collecting a prescription, going to the library, mowing the lawn, making a snack, tidying up, or that all-important cuppa and a chat.

We may think these are little things but this is at the heart of what matters to people, that shows we love them and that restores their dignity.

Let's rebuild the capacity of Australia's communities to become compassionate communities. Compassionate Communities is a global movement that encourages social networks to play a much stronger role in supporting those at the end-of-life: increasing people's sense of connectedness to their community, not isolating them at their greatest time of need.

As a co-founder and chair of the South West Compassionate Communities Network and the lead investigator of the Compassionate Connectors model of care, our research has demonstrated that when the community is better connected and there are strong social networks, people suffer less from social isolation, there are significant reductions in hospital admissions, shorter hospital stays and more contact with community-based health services, which are less expensive than hospital services.

So for this year's National Palliative Care Week: let's improve death literacy and grief literacy and normalise having such conversations—talking about death will not kill you.

Let's make sure that every person, every family and every community know what to do when someone is caring, dying or grieving — see below for some tips.;

Start by asking yourself the following questions: who is your network, how will they respond to your end of life and what kind of death do you want to experience?

Wouldn't you rather make this decision based on your needs and wishes, rather than a one-size-fits-all clinical model which fails to respect your autonomy and choice?

As communities we need to relearn the old ways of caring for one another — whether it's caring for those persons who are dying or those left behind.

We only die once, so let's make it a good one.

Professor Samar Aoun is 2023
WA Australian of the Year and
Perron Institute Research Chair in
Palliative Care at the University
of Western Australia and Perron
Institute

#### How are we doing in Australia (1)?

- Dying is increasingly becoming institutionalised (last 5 years)
   23% increase in the number of palliative care-related hospitalisations compared to only 12% increase from all hospitalisations (AIHW, 2023).
- 65% of these palliative care hospitalisations ended with the patient dying in the hospital (AIHW, 2023).
- Modern death: cellular, curtained, individualised and obscured (Horsfall et al 2012).
- Spending on key health services is 14 times higher for Australians in their last year of life than for other Australians, (\$24,000 vs \$1,700 per person, AIHW 2022).









#### How are we doing in Australia (2)?

- 70-80% want to die at home but only 14-20% do.
- 75% of Australians have not had end of life discussions
- Less than 15% of us die with an Advance Care Directive.
- Nearly 50% of over 60 years old are at risk of social isolation.
- One third will experience some degree of loneliness later in life.











## Social Connectedness impact cannot be overlooked: Health Determinant

People who are more socially connected are happier, physically healthier, live longer.

People who are socially isolated are less happy, health declines earlier in midlife, brain functions declines sooner and live shorter lives.

(Waldinger, 2015)

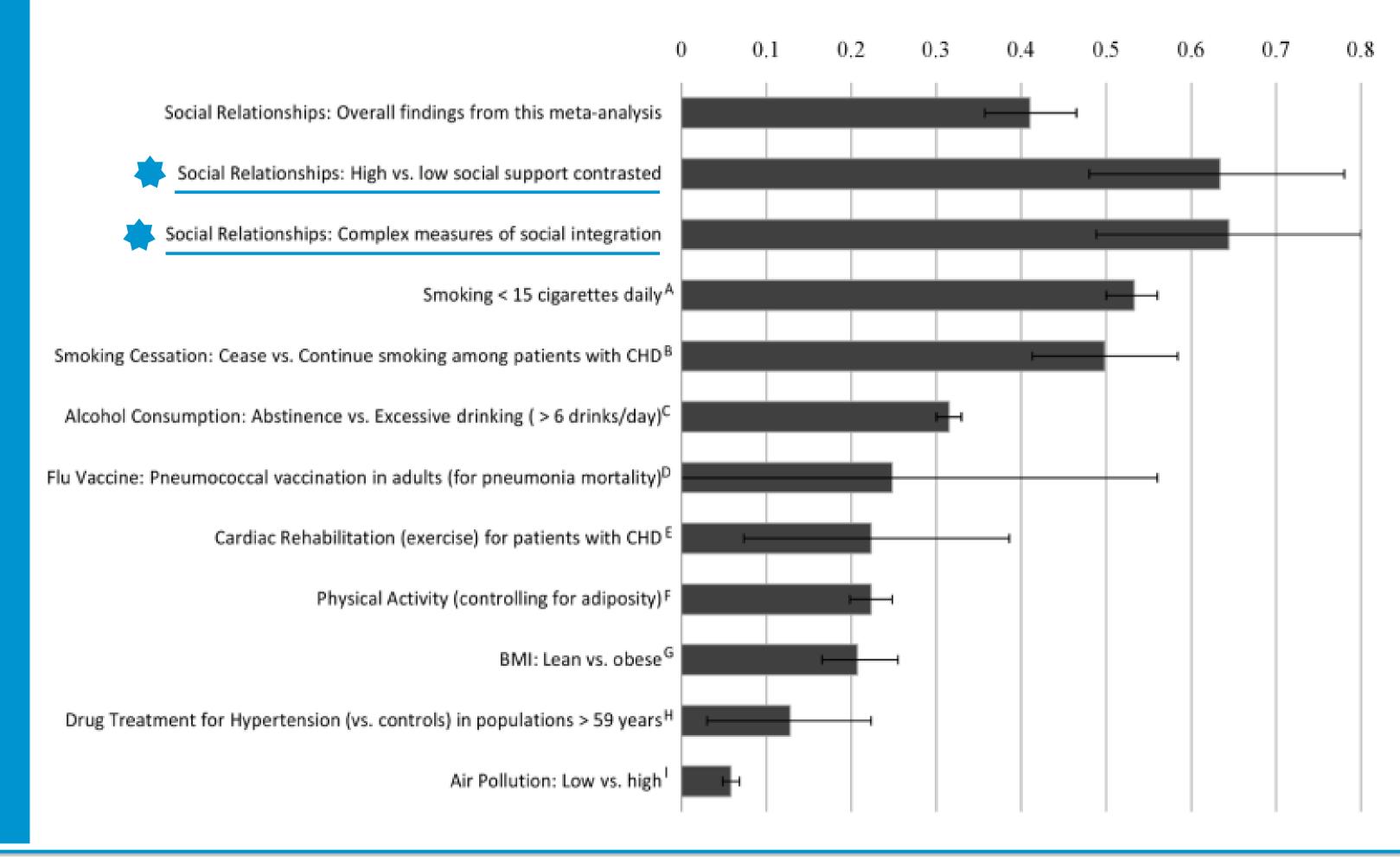






# Comparative impact of social relationships on reduction in mortality

Holt-Lunstad J, Smith TB, Layton JB (2010)









## Benefits of a compassionate community

- ✓ Building of resilient networks of support around families in need
- ✓ Skilling up of caring networks
- Increasing neighbourhood capacity to care for those who experience death, dying and loss
- ✓ Integrating and building of trusting relationships with health and social care teams
- ✓ Increasing equity of services.
- ✓ Financial savings can be realised through reductions in health service utilisation











Every person, every family and every community knows what to do when someone is caring, dying or grieving.









#### **Compassionate Community Connectors**

Partnership between the community and health service in Western Australia

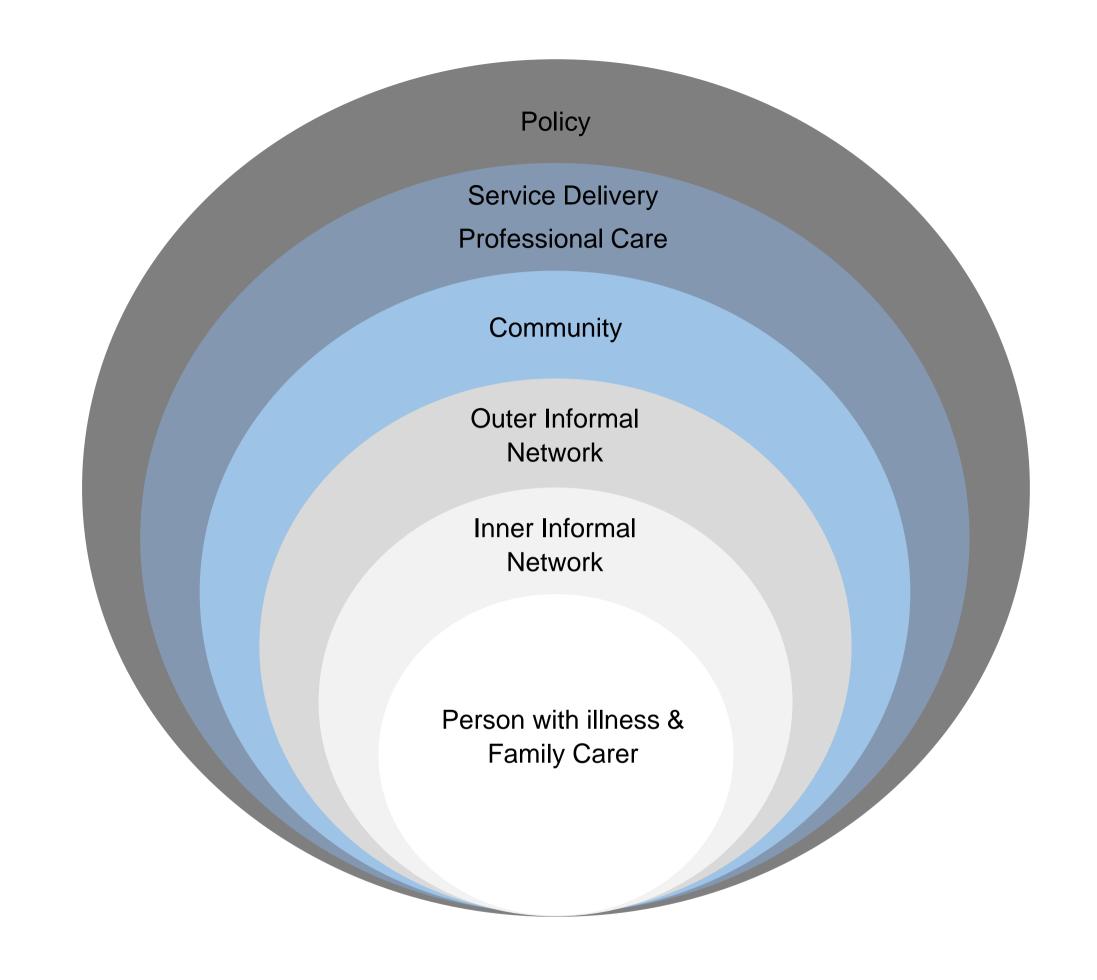






## Role of connector: Enhance networks within circles of care

Connectors provide assistance to the person affected by advanced illness and their family by identifying the additional social and practical support they may require from within their local community and tap into formal and informal sources.











#### Role of caring helpers

Caring Helpers can be members of the family, friends, neighbours or other people in the community who are willing and able to assist with activities such as:

walking the dog, doing the shopping, collecting a prescription, going to the library, mowing the lawn, making a snack, tidying up or sitting with a person who needs a break.







Community volunteers are trained to diagnose suffering not diseases

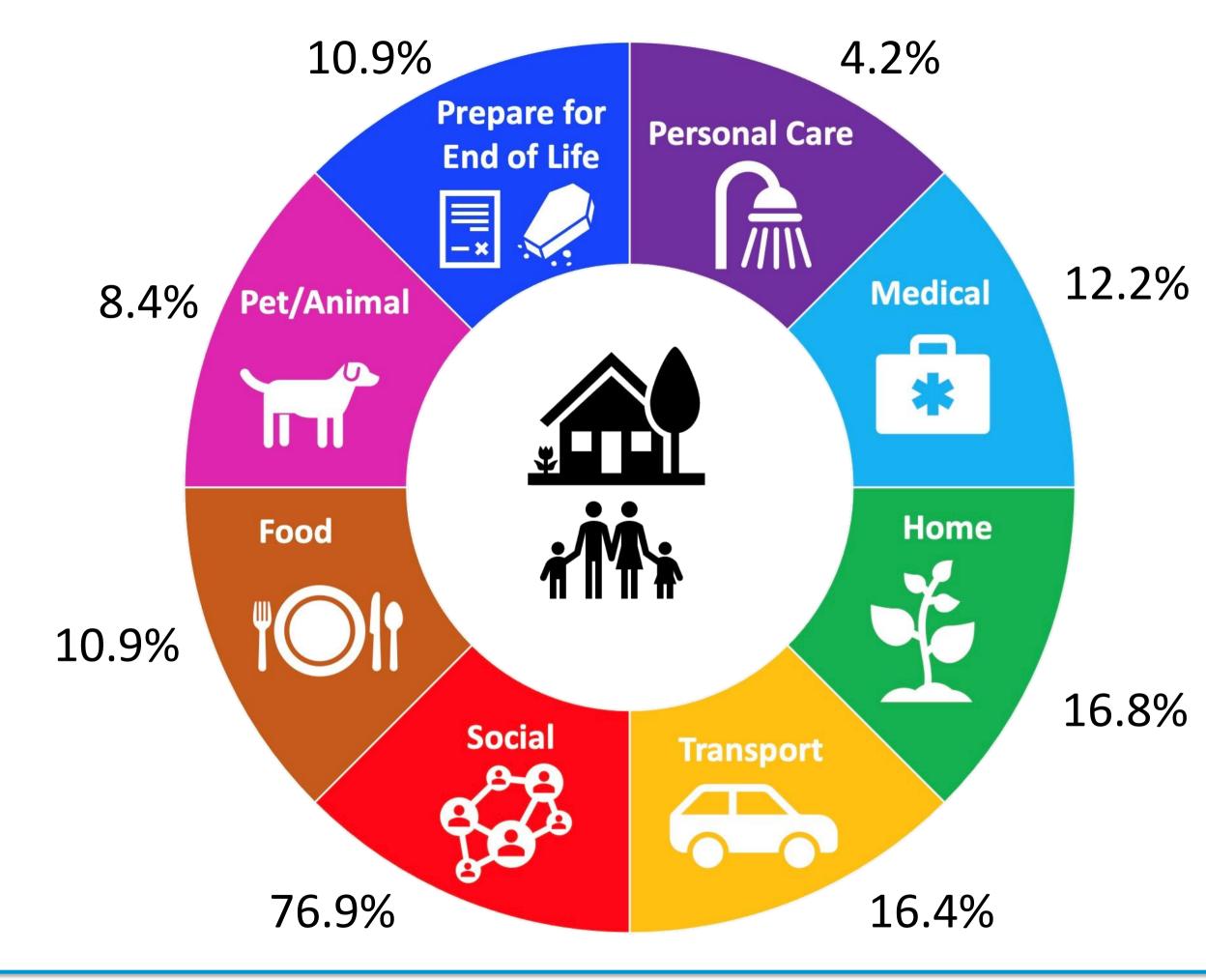
(Sallnow & Kumar 2010)







## Type and frequency of support









#### Connectors have helped or sourced help with:

- Professionals to home visit for Wills, Advance Health Directives etc.
- My Aged Care application/ prompting to establish or increase services.
- Service provider liaison
- ACROD (Disability) application for parking permit.
- Equipment access.
- Meal Delivery/ organising meal train.
- House cleaning

- joining community groups old time dancing, crafts, walking groups, men's shed.
- Surrogate grannies for family with kids
- Transport- medical appointments or social occasions.
- Gardening/Fire Wood Delivery.
- Social visits.
- Empowerment and ownership, "you can do this".





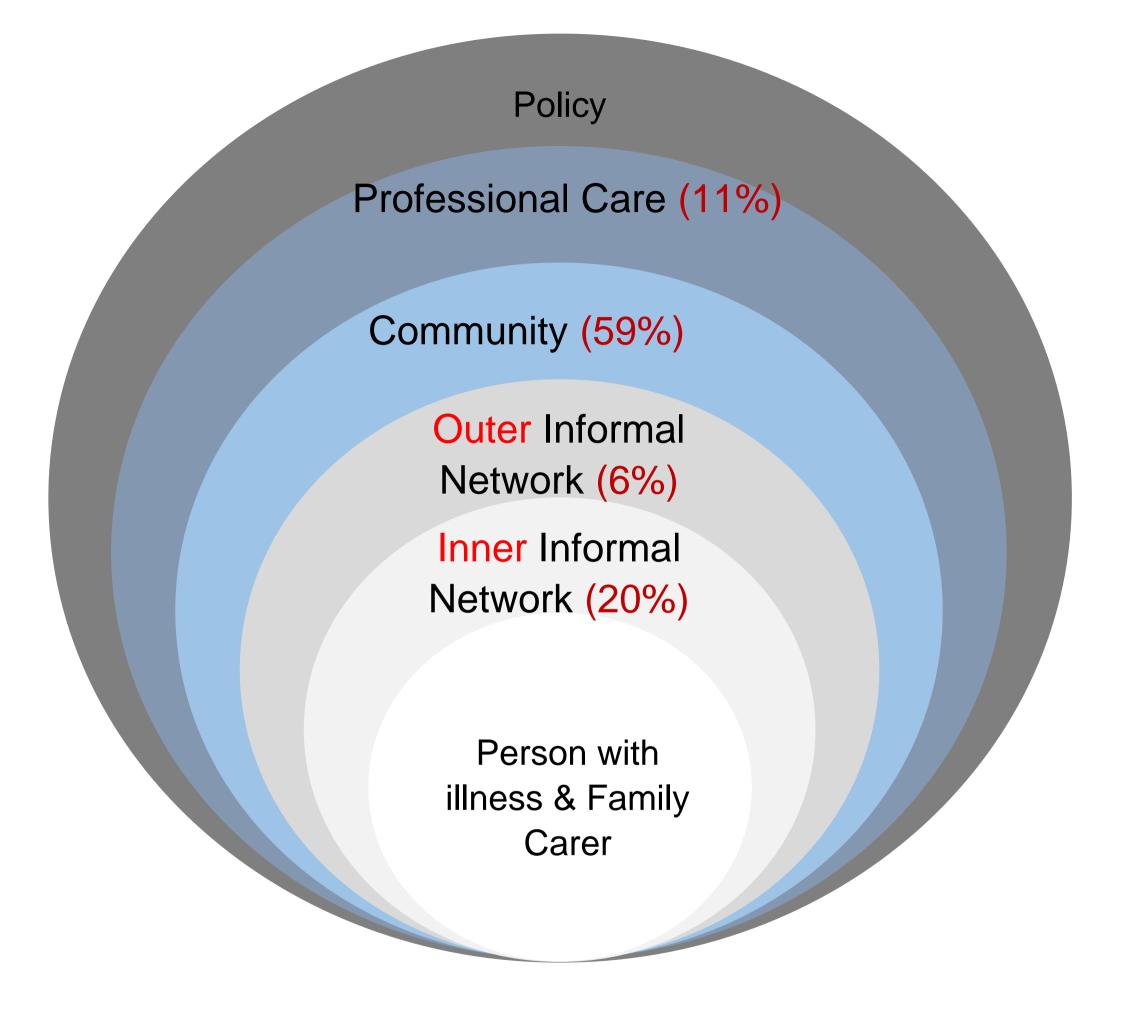








# Naturally Occurring Networks (26% vs Facilitated Networks (59%)







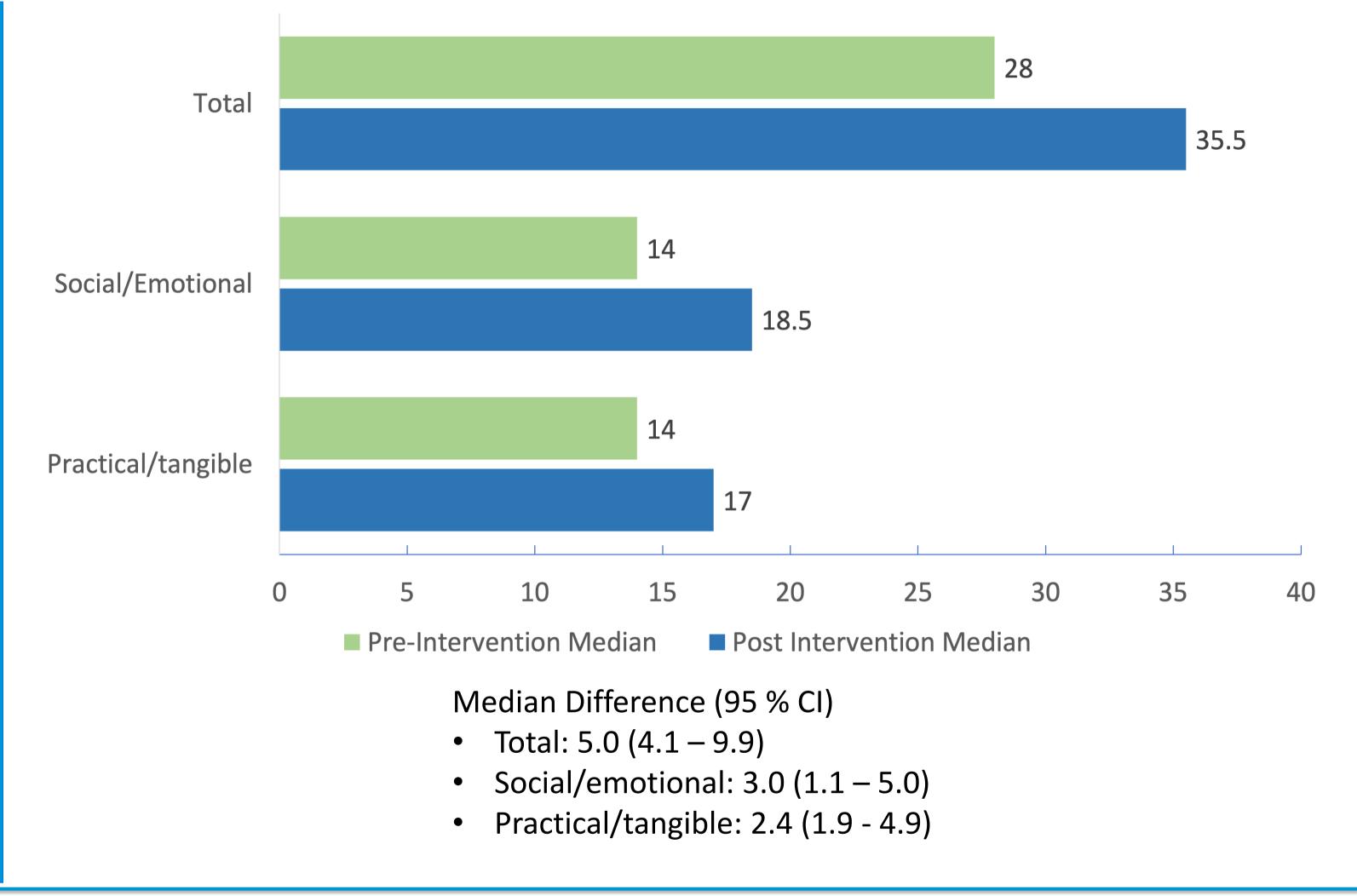


## Primary Outcome:

## Increase in Social Connectedness

P<0.001

Medical Outcomes
Study Social Support
Survey(m-MOSS\*)





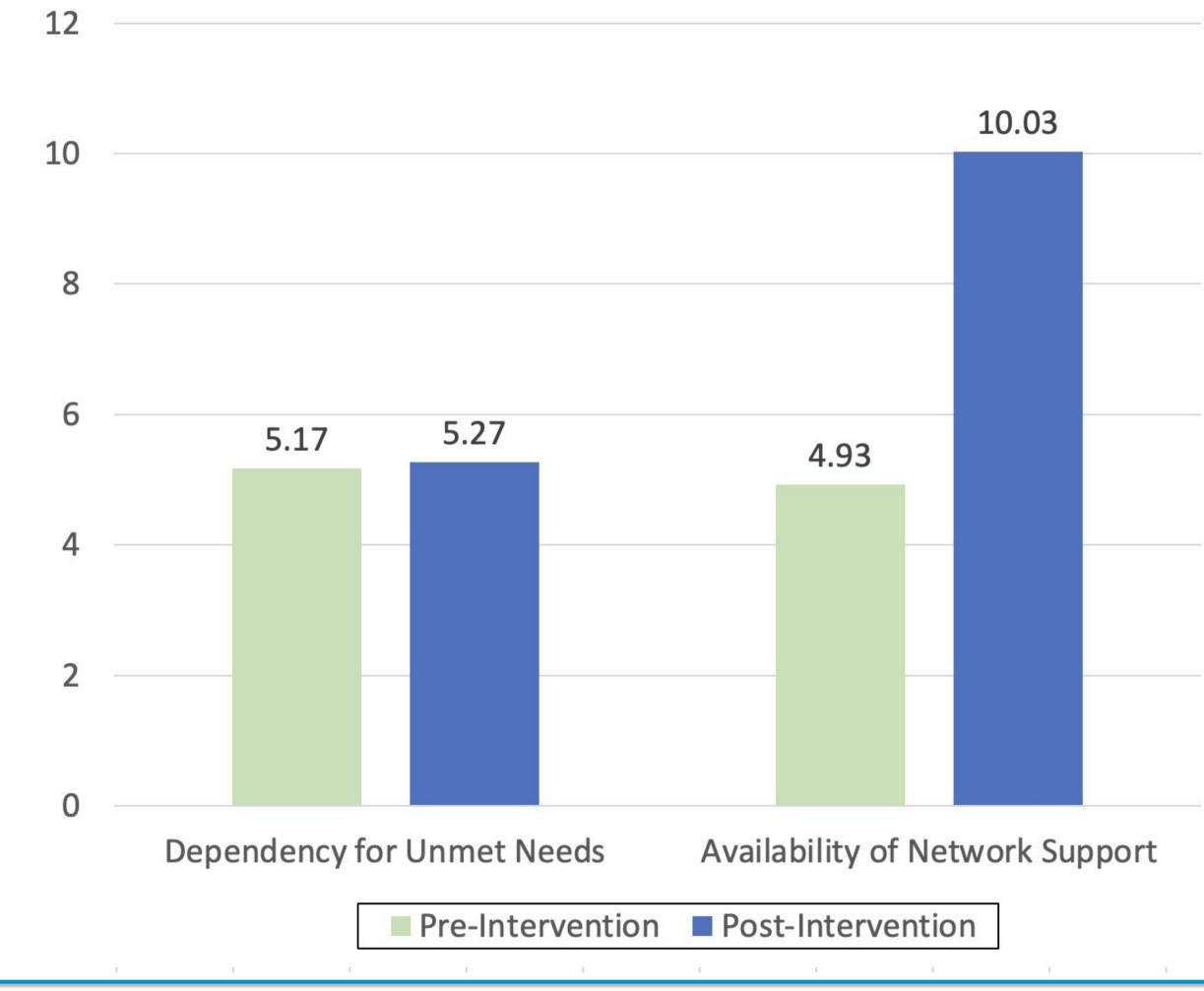




## Secondary outcome:

Dependency for unmet needs and availability of support networks

Supportive networks improved by two-folds P<0.001







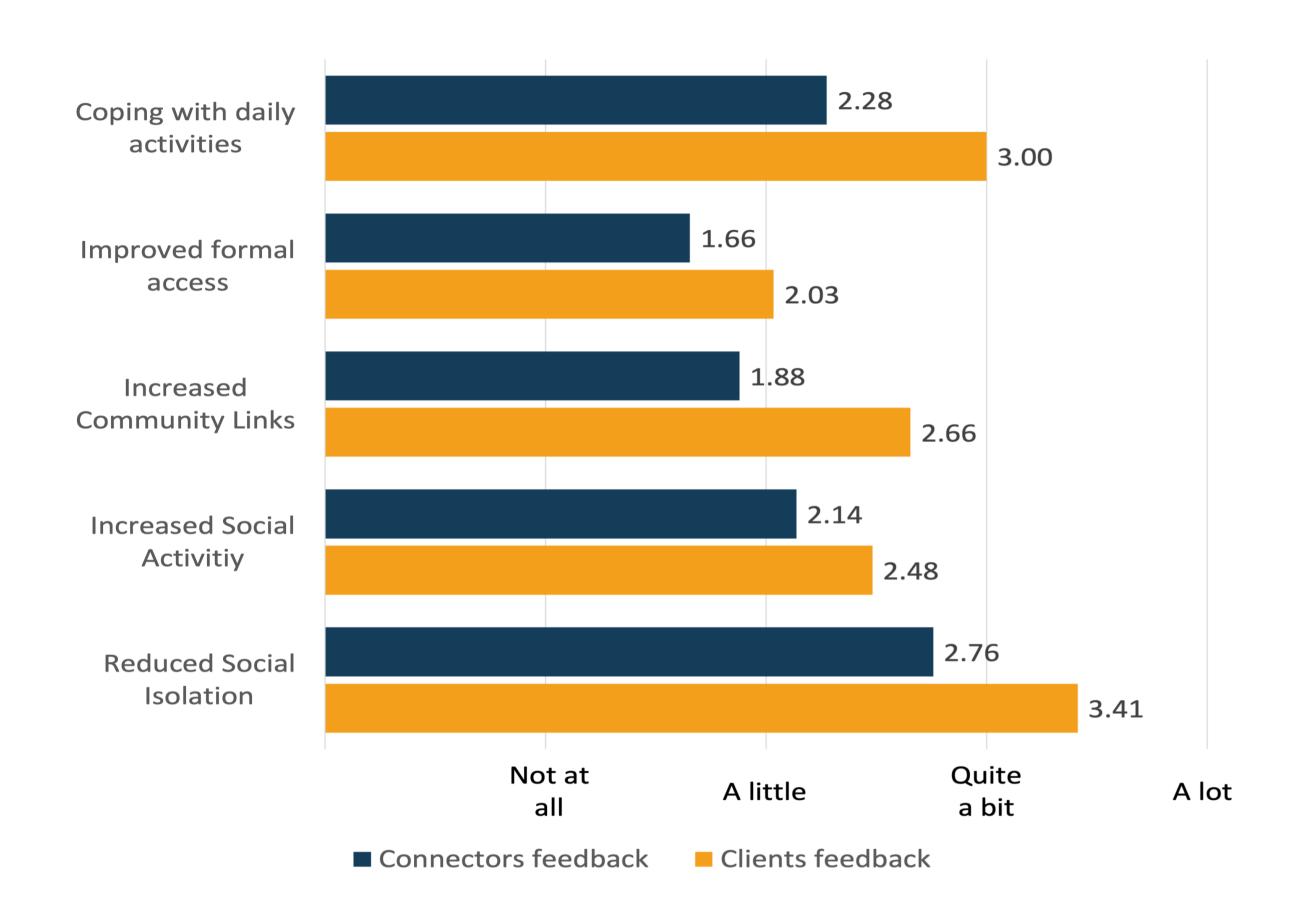


#### Secondary outcome:

Self-reported impact on social wellbeing

(scale: 1=not at all to 4=a lot)

highest impact on reduced social isolation

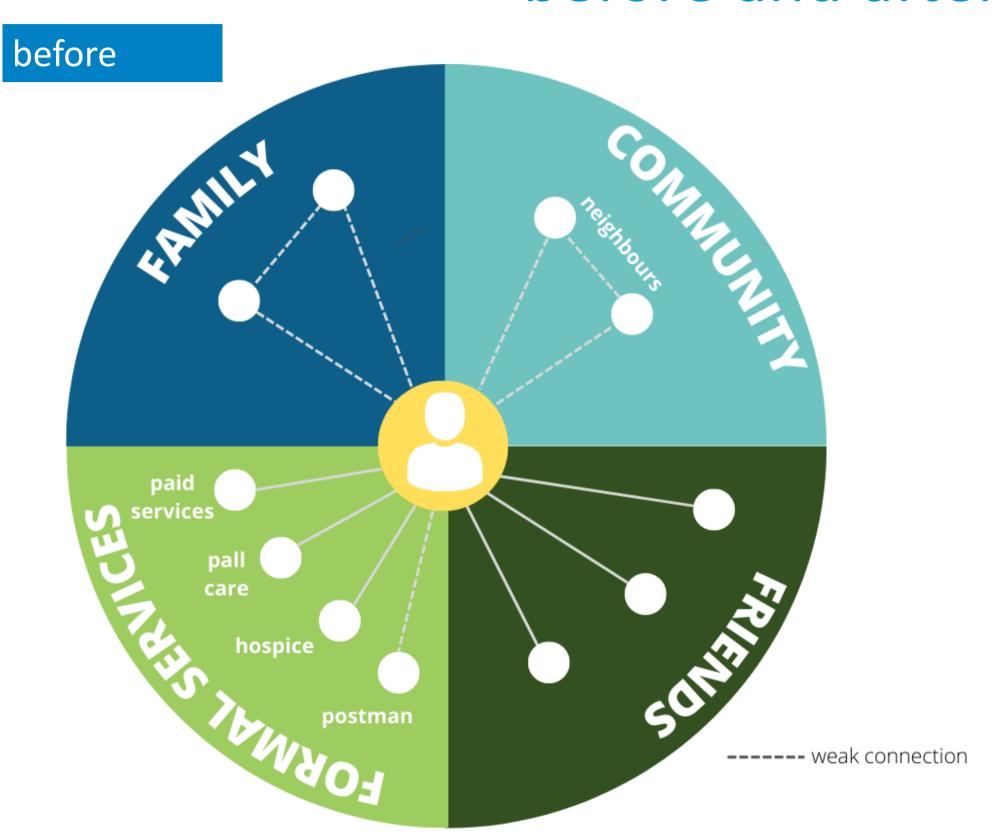


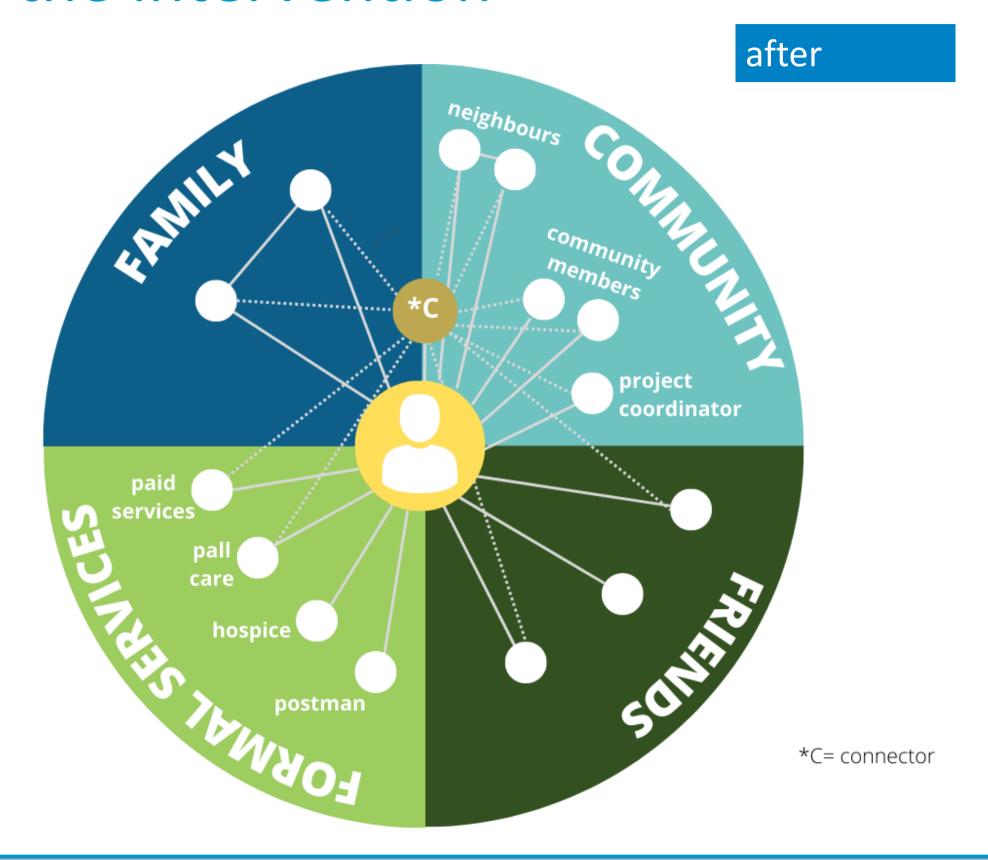






## Social Network Mapping for one family before and after the intervention











### Key Outcomes-Effectiveness Analysis (Cook and Aoun, 2023)

- Significant decline in frequency of hospitalisations per month: (-0.509 events/month; 95%CI: -0.752,-0.266)
- Significant decline in number of hospital days per month

(-0.475; 95% CI: -0.615,-0.335)

• Increased use of outpatient services (+1.180, 95% CI: 0.957, 1.402)

Net savings of the Connector program was on average \$AUD 561,256 over a six month period.







#### Patient and carer feedback

Always keeps her promises. A lot of paid carers really don't care, just filling in the hours – she goes above and beyond and seems to care

She knew when we were a bit overwhelmed; knew when to get involved and when to step back

Pretty Amazing

Necessary for people who don't have strong, existing networks . . . For people who are isolated it will help 'open up their world'

I can ask her anything, no matter what I talk to her about she always has a sensible answer







## Home card making



I love it when Annette comes, she is my legs







DM spoke of a 'blackness' that would flood over him and loom for days like a heavy rain cloud. That blackness has gone!









#### Health care team feedback

Really positive, especially for clients who are early in their journey and for those who are isolated/don't have good family support

I will be encouraging more people to make use of informal networks and support

Easy to implement

She is very socially isolated and our professional service is not enough to meet her social needs so I am very happy for her that she has a consistent person to talk to

Added another string to our bow, especially in small rural areas where there is a lack of formal services







## Connector feedback

Great to be given someone specifically to help fill their needs and tick their boxes

So rewarding to watch their quality of life improve

Fabulous program

Being able to connect to those in need has brought very obvious benefits to both the volunteers and the receivers

The more you give, the better the reward; the reward is greater than the effort







## What is so distinct about this form of volunteering?

- Exercise more autonomy and have more agency in providing care.
- Sustainable social capital emerging from genuine social encounters.
- Fresh ways of engaging with the community.

"It's not a 'walk in the park' like other voluntary positions I've had; a whole different level of commitment. But I would do it again, highly recommend it"

"It's a lovely way to do volunteer work. If you really enjoy being with people and talking to people.....you end up, I don't know being part of their lives. It's really fulfilling in that respect"





## Website

Compassionate Connectors Program

https://comcomnetworksw.com/compassionate-connectors-program/

Publications

https://comcomnetworksw.com/research/









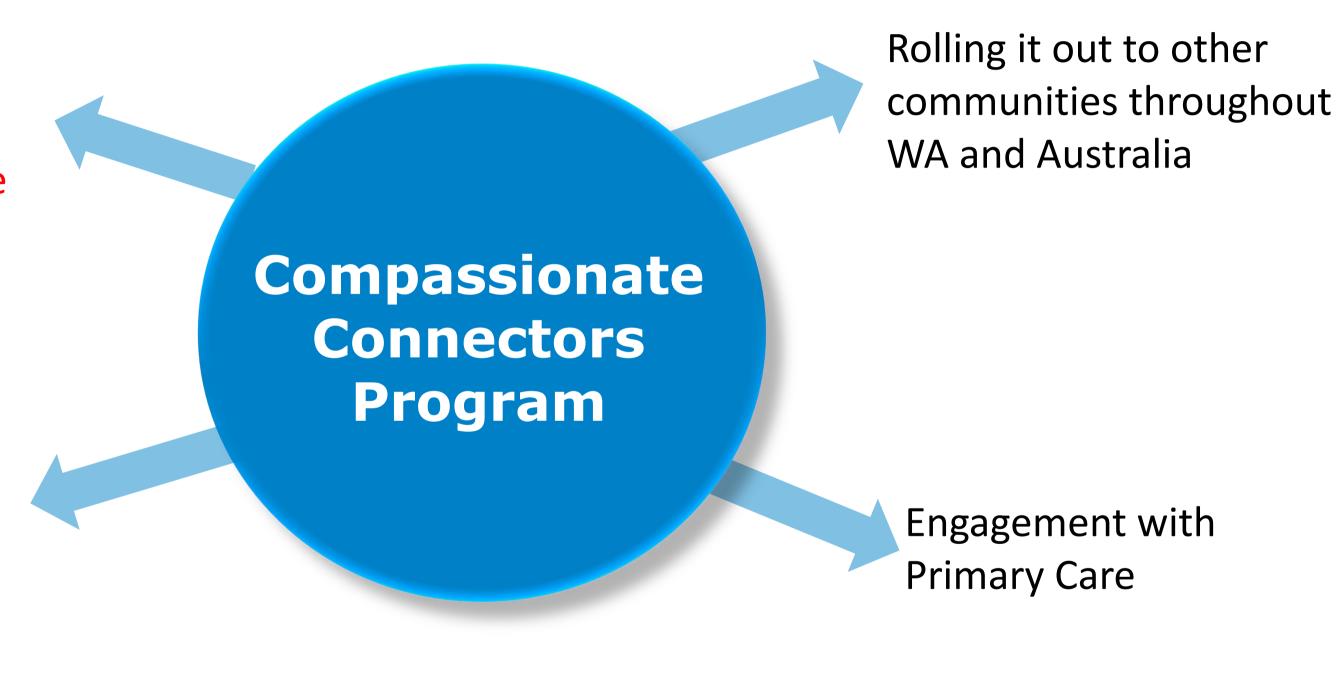




## Translation in Progress

WACHS integrating program as standard practice: System Change

Local government
engagementCompassionate Bunbury
Charter









## Compassionate Bunbury Charter

To guide and encourage the Bunbury community, including individual consumers, service providers, businesses, community groups and clubs to work together to create a more compassionate Bunbury that is resilient, responsive and understands the need for community support to get through difficult times.







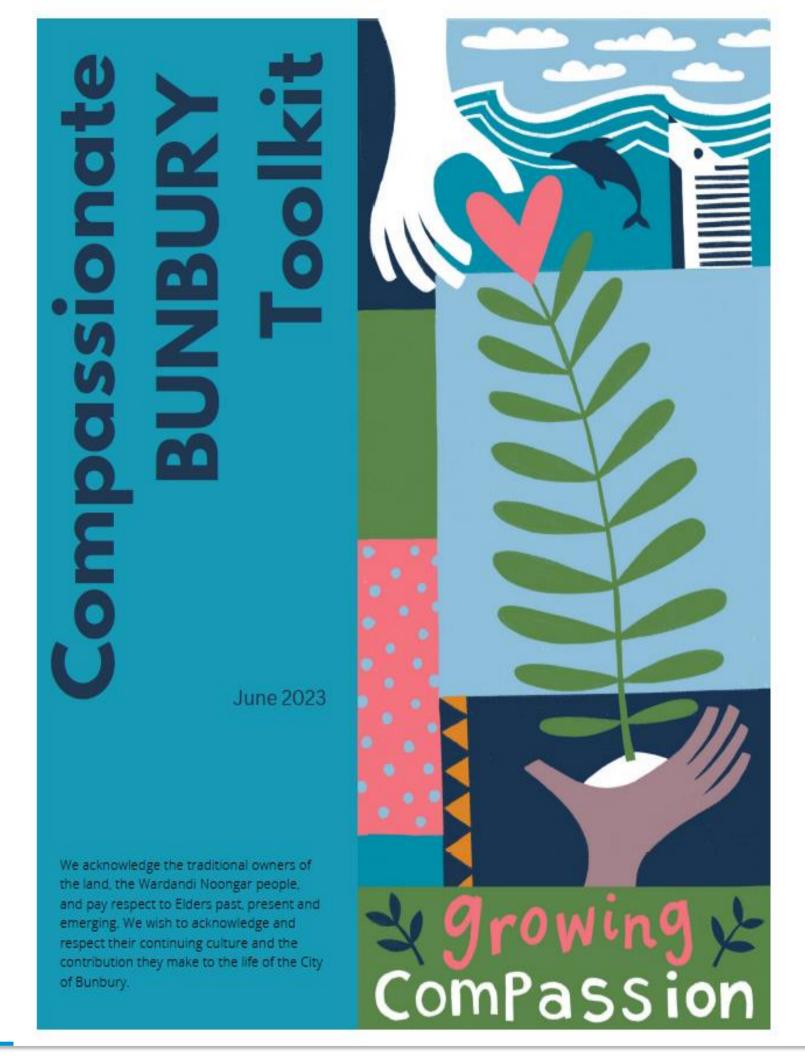


## Toolkit: Set of Actions & pledges

Toolkit aims to provide inspiration for how you, or organisations you are part of, can grow Compassion.

You can make a pledge as an individual, family, group of friends, workplace or community organisation

- something practical and achievable.
- recommitting to something you are already doing or it might be something that builds your ability to support yourself or others.

















## Charter is drawn from the principles of OTTAWA CHARTER for health promotion

- Building healthy public policy (enable, mediate, advocate for health)
- Creating supportive environments (in the community)
- Strengthening community action (community capacity)
- Developing personal skills (in the community)
- Reorienting health care services (to better serve the community)







## Why we need a Compassionate Charter?

Systematic way of ensuring we build compassionate communities in all sectors

Educational institutions, workplaces, health and social care institutions, religious institutions, neighbourhoods, homeless and vulnerable amongst others

Incentive schemes and awards at civic level

Practical expressions of compassion

Concise way of organising a purposeful program of civic action oriented towards EOL







Endorsed by Bunbury City Council-6 June 2023 & Launched 4 August





July 17, 2023 11am - 2.45pm

Bunbury Geographe Chamber of Commerce and Industry
15 Stirling St, Bunbury















# Rethinking Care at End of Life: A needed shift to a Compassionate Communities collaborative model







#### Up to all of us to Connect the Dots

#### Public Health Approach to Palliative and End of Life Care

(Aoun et al, 2020)

#### ENABLERS

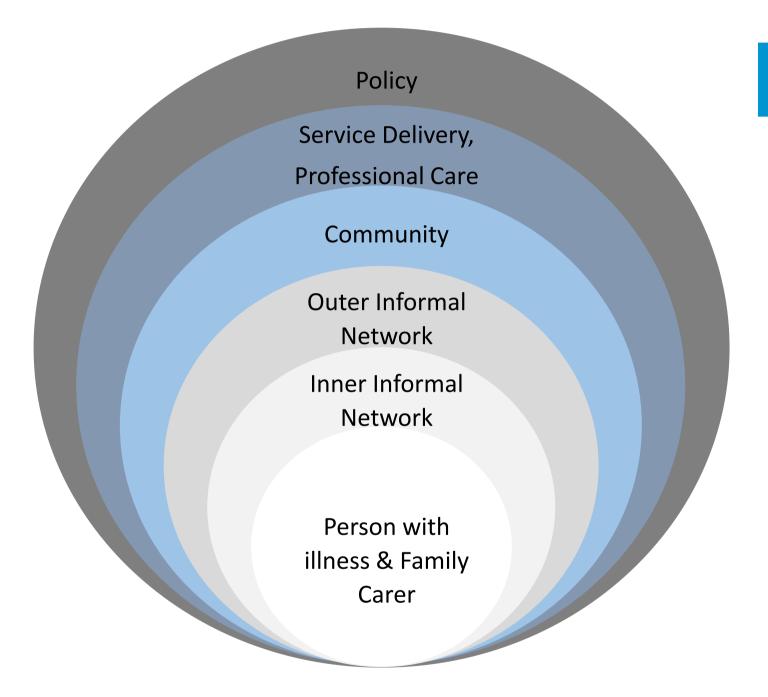
Digital and Assistive technologies:
Telehealth, Equipment

**Advance Care Planning** 

**Education & Training Programs** 

Compassionate Communities & Social Network Enhancement

Not For Profit organisations & Other NGOs



#### INTEGRATION OF SERVICES

Disability Sector, NDIS

**Aged Care Sector** 

**Specialist Palliative Care** 

**Generalist Palliative Care** 

Disease specific clinics

Primary Care & Allied Health Care

#### **CIRCLES OF CARE**

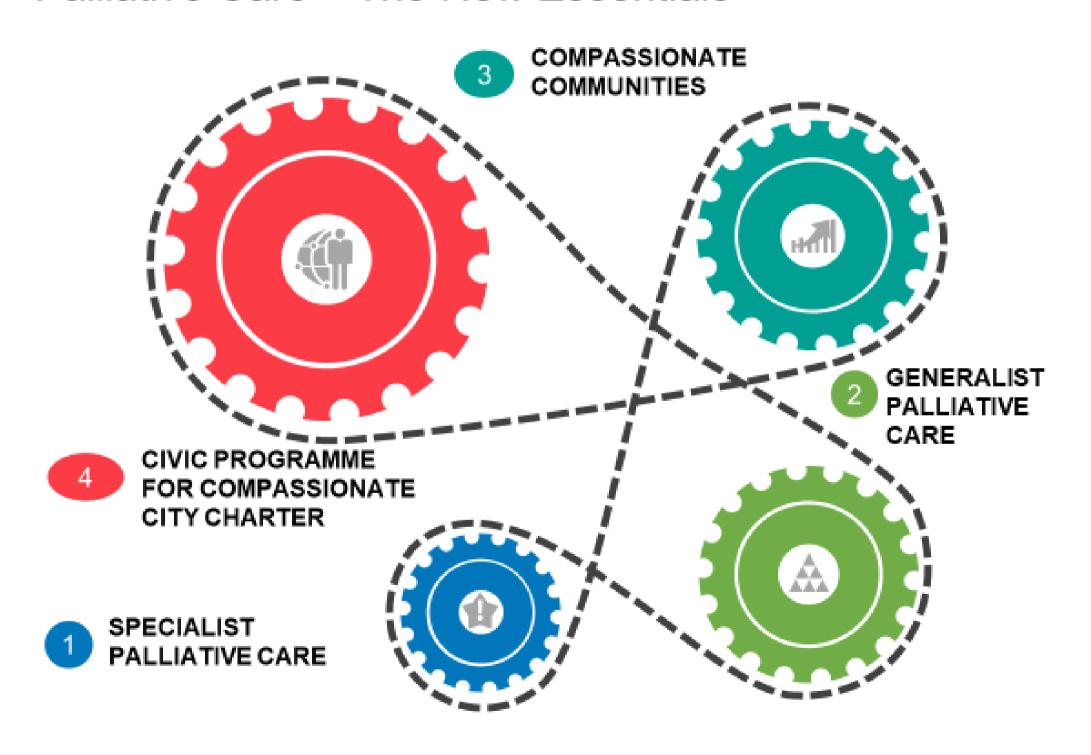






## Specialist and generalist palliative care, civic organisations and community networks must collaborate in order to create an <u>effective</u>, <u>affordable</u> & <u>sustainable</u> end-of-life care system

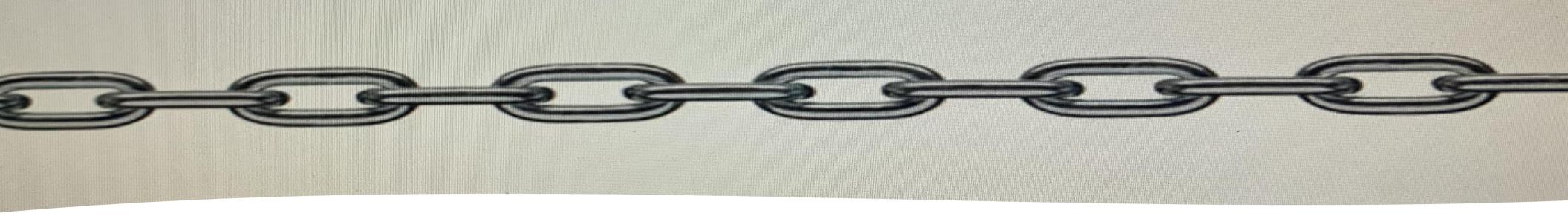
#### Palliative Care – The New Essentials











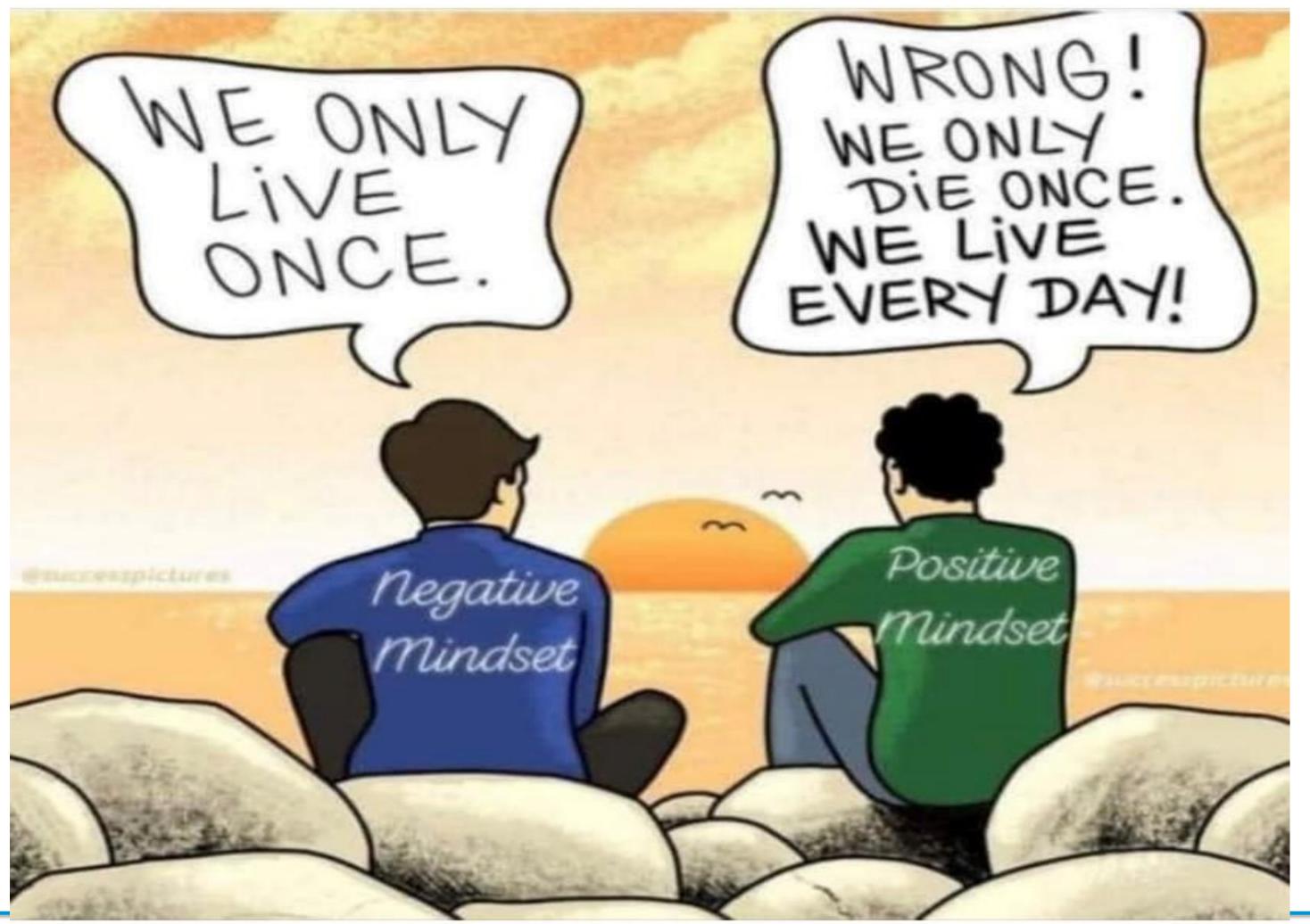
# Health Depts Role in a Public Health Model

- Health Depts should encourage services to start conversations and allocate resources to developing relevant partnerships identified through these conversations.
- Health Depts need to get into community development as well as direct service provision and prepare the way by developing partnerships with civic and community networks.
  - Acting as the linkage- operating the chain joining the cogs















## Preparing the communityawareness/education to build death/grief literacy

- Training programs in network mapping and network enhancement.
   These should be for both professionals and community members.
- Training to support the use of community-led advance care planning within the networks built to sustain community EOL care.
- Programs that train community members to support the EOL care and know how to use public resources for the benefit of people at EOL (e.g. Compassionate Connectors Program).
- Regular use of media to stimulate discussions on support needs for caregiving, dying and grieving.







Dying to Know Day-8 August



## Dying to Know Day

## **Bunbury program**

Dying to Know Day is an annual campaign that brings to life conversations and community action around death, dying and bereavement. The campaign aims to



















Bunbury Mens Shed member and coffin maker Jeff Hookham, funeral director and event supporter Adrian Barrett, and network co-founders Dr Julieanne Hilbers and Dr Samar Aoun prepare for the Death Fest activities. It will also be a chance to receive Picture: Jon Gellweiler

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## Death Festival in Bunbury 2018

to connect organisations and individuals in the community to better support each other at the end of life, will be launched at the festival. It coincides with Dying to Know Day and will begin with Death Cafe, where attendees can gather and discuss death over a warm

Other activities will include learning how to make your own

## Youth Art Competition at Schools - 2020









## WA Forum on Building Connectedness - August 2021





## **DTKD 2022**

Wednesday July 20, 2022 BUNBURY MAIL 7

**NEWS** 

## Opening the door to death

#### DYING TO KNOW

BY NICKY LEFEBVRE

DEB Wraight believes we can all benefit from breaking down the barriers that prevent us from discussing one of life's true realities.

"We have sanitised death, as a society we have removed death from our lives in such a way that there is a fear and sense of not being able to discuss it openly," Ms Wraight told the Mail this week.

As a funeral celebrant who facilitates the regular 'Death Cafe' catch up at Mojos Bunbury, she said she frequently meets people from all walks of life and across all age groups who are seeking clarity and connection around death.

"We have been going for about two years now, we with others.

"We have special guests, mations, end of life plans journeys and make plans for propriate level.



meet in a casual setting Deb Wraight (with grandson Jaxon), says talking with young children rather than and it is really all about shielding them from discussions about death is important to help them understand that ter prepared." making those connections it is part of the life process. Pictures: Supplied

such as death doulas and portunity for people to get important that children were have experienced the death who are living with a termipeople from the industry together and ask questions, not shielded from death, but of a pet, a grandparent or nal diagnosis, as well as their Bunbury from 10.30am. who can answer questions talk about people they've educated in a way that allows other relative, or even some-friends and family, to create For more information and relating to burials and cre- lost, talk about their own them to understand at an ap- one their own age," she said. "By talking to them, read-

"Many children by the ing some of the fabulous

available on death and dy- derstand what they and ing and by allowing them to their loved ones are going take part in funerals, it helps through, and what will hapto normalise the process pen after they're gone," Ms and can leave them bet- Wraight explained. ter prepared."

important that children were ners, parents and friends, not shielded from death, but who find a real connection educated in a way that allows with others experiencing them to understand at an ap-something similar. propriate level.

time they reach school age ing to each other, and how to have experienced the death best open the door to those of a pet, a grandparent or conversations for everyother relative, or even some- one involved." one their own age," she said.

ing some of the fabulous program, the Death Cafe children's' books that are will present 'Dying for a available on death and dy- Cuppa' at the City of Buning and by allowing them to bury function room at 4 Stetake part in funerals, it helps phen Street from 10:00am. to normalise the process RSVP to swcommnetwork@ and can leave them bet- gmail.com or phone 0483

The comfortable and com-"But mostly it's an op- Ms Wraight said it was time they reach school age Death Cafe allows people first Sunday of each month end of life plans to suit their upcoming dates, visit www.

"We're helping people fesw

childrens' books that are plan, to get ready, to un-

"We also welcome people Ms Wraight said it was who have lost children, part-

"We can't underestimate "Many children by the the importance of just talk-

On Sunday, August 7 as "By talking to them, read- part of the Dying to Know 802 915.

Bunbury Death Cafe munity-driven setting of the meets regularly on the facebook.com/Deathca-



## Reducing the social isolation for families >

munity Connector program percent of families that were community development have included how the posi- hurdles for families was feelis a pilot project which sees referred to the program were was what made the pro- tive relationship formed with ing comfortable asking for volunteers supporting peo- living alone. ple living with advanced life She said some of the benlimiting illnesses/palliative efits seen included improve- connectors felt there were

ple across the South West their social networks, reductheir families.

needed to put their hand up and practical support that cause of the social benefits," "Family carers talked edness in our community to do something positive in formal services cannot, par- she said.

passionate Communities Aoun said. Network Chair Samr Aoun Connectors have said the rewarding it was for them." to have some time off.

trained and helping families tion in social isolation, better

ticularly for people who live

gram important.

Professor Aoun said ongoing friendship.

But more people are "It fills the gaps in social involved in the program be- Aoun said.

Perron Institute Research alone, and those who are selves have also benefited of having someone regularly. August 7 from 11.30 at the Chair in Palliative Care socially isolated in more ru- from the program talking for a chat as well as the bene- City of Bunbury function UWA and South West Com- ral communities," Professor positively about the impact fit to themselves when these room. To RSVP, visit swcom-

ment in social connected- clear benefits observed for about the positive impact in know well." The pilot has seen 23 peo- ness between families and people who were dying and terms of reducing social iso- To find out more and to I lation which was apparent express your interest, you are "Connectors also en- for both patients and their welcome to attend the presfeel less socially isolated. coping with daily activities. couraged people to become family carers," Professor entation by Professor Aoun

> "The connectors them- family member (the patient) The presentation will be on it has had on them and how caring helpers enabled them comnetwork@gmail.com or

THE Compassionate Com- said their research found 50 focus on mutual support and Feedback from families "One of the biggest initial the Connector turned into help and receiving help from 1 neighbours and community "Many families talked members who they didn't

> 'Improving soical connectabout the positives for their - we are all in this together'.

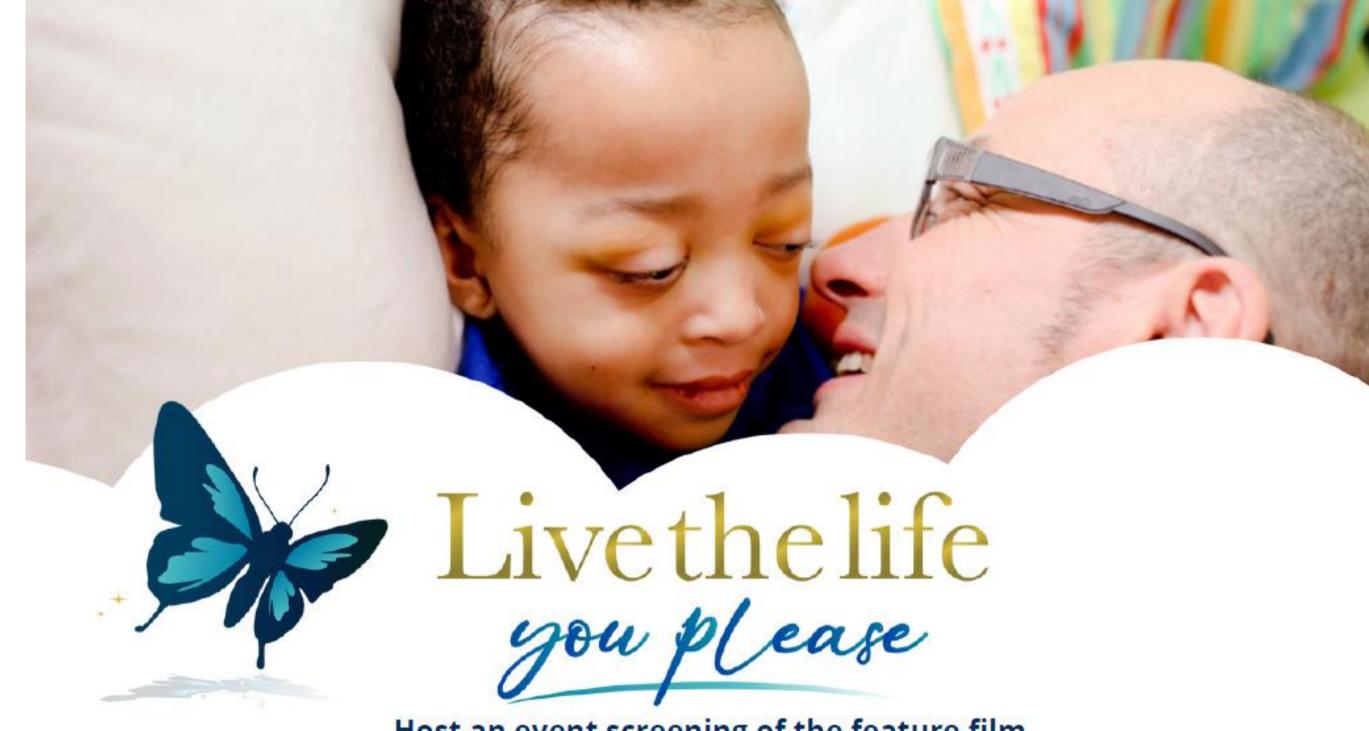


translational science





Screening of Palliative Care Film- May 2023



Host an event screening of the feature film

End of life care helps people and their loved ones live as fully and comfortably as possible. It improves their quality of life. It provides support, freedom, dignity, respect and joy.

So why aren't we talking about it?

This film will make you smile, laugh, laugh harder and occasionally shed a tear as it shares the stories of a diverse range of Australians experiencing their last chapter.







## Remembering our Dead ceremony with floating lanterns- 5 August 2023













Artwork: Alyce Dedge















## The Mountains Ahead To Climb!

We need to ensure that when caregiving, dying and grieving knock at our door

- wherever we are, and whoever we are -

that compassionate support will be found in all aspects of our lives and deaths.







