

Findings from Australian Household Food Waste: In-home Research

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Department of Industry, Science Energy and Resources

Business

Cooperative Research Centres Program



VISION

An Australia without food waste



MISSION

To **ENGAGE** with industry and consumers to **REDUCE** food waste across the supply chain and to **TRANSFORM** unavoidable waste into innovative products.

Australia-wide

Whole of food supply chain

10 years (2018-2028)

\$123 million (\$63m cash)

60 organisations





VISION

Ensuring Australians love food and stop wasting it

MISSION

Providing evidence-based research to support changing the social norm so food is not wasted

Future industry leaders

Skilled workforce

Changed behaviour in households

Project: Designing effective interventions to reduce household food waste



International expert



Federal Government



State/Territory Govts. (97% of population)

















Supermarket (40% of sales)



Food rescue charities (85% of meals)





University research partner









In-home food waste research

Purpose of research was to gain a deep understanding of Australian consumers' food management and how this impacts on food waste

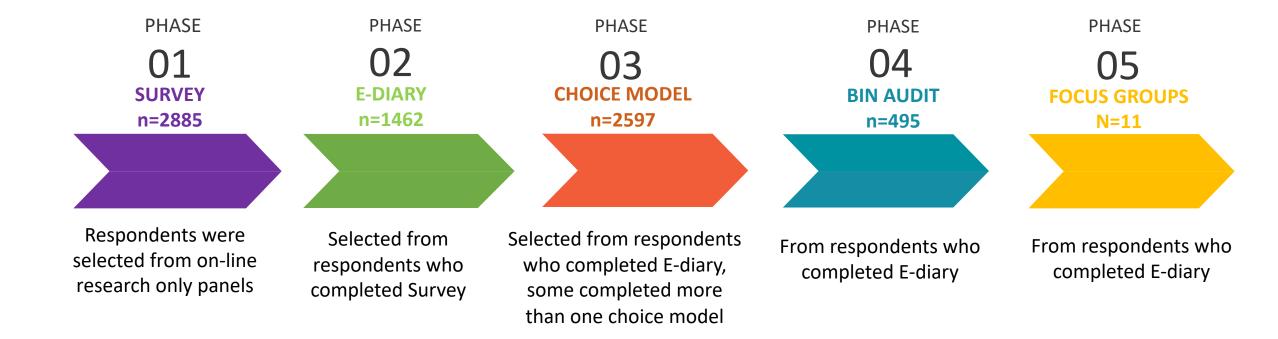
Topics:

- Methodology
- Amount of food waste
- Food management behaviours
- Beliefs about food waste
- In-home food waste reports
- Next steps

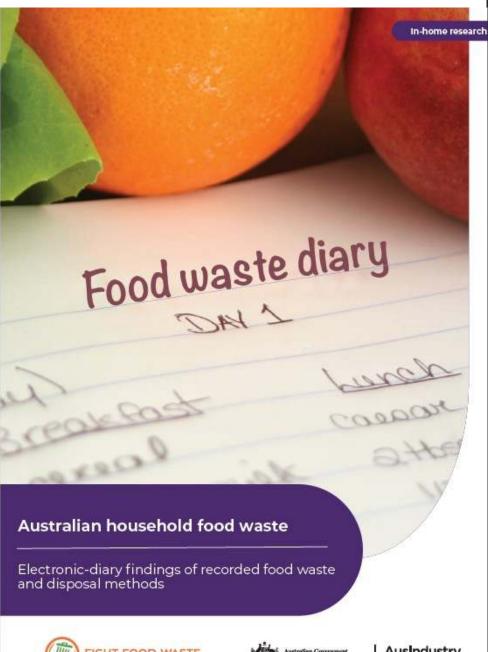






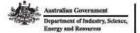


All respondents met the following screening criteria: Main or joint household food manager, agreed to have their refuse physically audited, were not in a FOGO bin area and had not been absent from the home for 3 nights or more. Timing: 10^{th} November -21^{st} December 2020 and 30^{th} January $2021 - 16^{th}$ February 2021.



Amount of food waste











All food disposed of

SURVEY

(estimated by respondent)

- 2.03 kg per household
- 32% Unavoidable

E-DIARY

(recorded by respondent)

- 2.89 kg per household
- 34% Unavoidable

Only food disposed of in red bin

BIN AUDIT

(measured by research team)

- 1.78 kg per household
- 43% Unavoidable

All food disposed of

CALCULATED*

- 4.22 kg per household
- 43% Unavoidable

Top wasted food CATEGORIES (by value)



Category (top 6)	\$ (household/wk)	Products (top 15)		
Meat and seafood	6.19	Beef	Ham	Chicken
Fresh vegetables/fresh herbs	5.52	Salads	Tomatoes	Potatoes
Meals	3.27	Pasta	Rice	
Bread and bakery	2.44	Bread Rolls	Slice Bread	
Fresh fruit	1.65	Bananas	Apples	
Dairy	0.80	Cheese	Yogurt	Milk



Data presentation and analysis

- Data collection from **fixed response questions** on five-point scale:
 - Almost every time Most times Half the time Sometimes Rarely/never
- **Top two** categories from the five-point scale:
 - Most > 60% Many 40-60% Some < 40%
- Statistically significant differences for age, income and household structure
 - 99% confidence level
- Quotes



Food management behaviours







Food planning behaviours

- Most (75%) checked the fridge/freezer
- Most (74%) checked the cupboard
- Most (65%) wrote comprehensive shopping lists
- Many (51%) planned the meals they would cook



Image source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shopping list#/media

"We would never think what we were going to do for a meal next Monday ... We need to get into the habit of thinking ahead ... and planning ahead."

"This will take some effort because we are just not used to thinking about meals"



Frequency of shopping

 Most (80%) do 'main' weekly shop from supermarkets followed by a 'top-up'

"I have to shop for a week because I'm a long way from the shops...

I tend to buy in case I need something"



Image Source: https://www.aicr.org/resources



Food purchasing behaviours

- Most (65%) check 'use by' or 'best before' dates before purchasing food
- Many (58%) buy food based on what is on 'special'
- Many (51%) buy what is on the shopping list
- Many (44%) bought food according to a set budget
- Some (23%) buy food for 'just in case'
 - Most (64%) couples with children below 17 years
 - Most (67%) of 18-34 year old



"When it comes to value or waste, value always wins. We buy items that are reduced to clear to save money but they expire faster so we can't save leftovers"



Food take-away or home delivery

- Many (54%) ordered **take-away** or **home delivery** at least one day a week
 - Age:
 - Most (72%) 18-34 years
 - Most (66%) 35-54 years
 - Children:
 - Most (76%) couples with children below 17 years
 - Most (68%) single parents with children below 17 years
 - Most (66%) couples with children above 17 years
 - Income:
 - Most (63%) \$2,000-2,999
 - Most (75%) \$3,000+

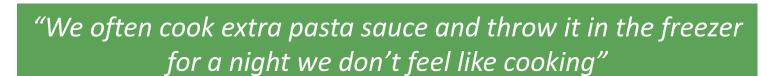


Image Source: Canberraweekly.con



Food storing behaviours (1)

- Most (82%) put food in the refrigerator/freezer
 - Most (89%) Couple living without children*
- Most (68%) used storage containers
 - Most (76%) Couple living without children*
 - Most (73%) 55-74 years
- Most (66%) move the oldest food items to the front or top so that they can be used first
 - Most (77%) Couple living without children*







Food storing behaviours (2)

- Many (47%) read storage instructions on packaging
- Many (22%) find it hard to fit food into the fridge and/or freezer because it's already full
 - Some (33%) couples with children below 17 years



"Things stay in the back of the fridge and go green and furry before we even notice"



Food preparing behaviours (1)

- Most (83%) try to use oldest foods first
 - Most (89%) of 55-74 years and most (93%) 75+ years

• Most (64%) only prepare as much as is needed

 Many (58%) prepare extra food, store these leftovers to be eaten later on, and end up eating them





Food preparing behaviours (2)

• Many (56%) stick to ingredients in a recipe

• Some (34%) let others serve themselves

- Some (14%) prepare extra food, store these **leftovers** to be eaten later on, but **end up disposing** of them
 - Some (27%) 18-34 years





Food disposal behaviours (1)

- Most (66%) like to eat the **freshest** food possible
- Many (41%) do not keep food past its 'use by' or 'best before' date*
- Some (32%) household members don't finish their meal*
- Some (30%) are not sure if food is still safe to eat*
- Some (25%) buy too much food*

"Husband is passionate about cooking and will only use the best, freshest ingredients even for regular weekly meals"



^{*}Couples with children below 17 years are statistically significant



Food disposal behaviours (2)

- Some (26%) last minute change of plans*
- Some (19%) don't cook the meals planned*
- Some (11%) don't know how to use cooked leftovers or ingredients*

*Couples with children below 17 years are statistically significant

"I never know who will be home on the week-end"
"I never know who will be here for dinner"

"Other people [in the group] seem to know so much about how to substitute and use ingredients in different ways ... I have no idea at all"





Rank	Behaviour/knowledge	Variable
1	Leftovers	We don't know how to use cooked leftovers
2	Cook too much	Prepare extra food, store these leftovers to be eaten later on, but end up disposing of them
3	Cook too much	Prepare too much food which is not all eaten, and dispose of the extra food straight away
4	Leftovers	We don't know how to use leftover uncooked ingredients
5	Over purchasing	Buy food for 'just in case'
6	Change of plans	We don't cook the meals we planned
7	Over purchasing	We buy too much food
8	Change of plans	Last minute change of plans (family members don't turn up for meal etc)
9	Plated leftovers	Household members don't finish their meal
10	Poor fridge/freezer management	Find it hard to fit food into the fridge and/or freezer because it is already full
11	Food safety - knowledge	We are not sure if food is still safe to eat
12	Date labeling -knowledge	We do not keep food past its 'use by' or 'best before' date



Behaviours linked to LOW levels of food waste

Rank	Behaviour/knowledge	Variable
1	Preparation	Try to use up the oldest food first
2	Good fridge/freezer management	Put food in the refrigerator/freezer so it keeps for as long as possible
3	Purchasing	Only buy what is on the shopping list
4	Storage	Read the storage instructions provided on the packages
5	Storage	Move the oldest food items to the front or top so they can be used first
6	Planning	Check what food is already in the fridge/freezer



Attitudes to food waste







Motivation to reduce food waste

- Most (66%) believe food waste is avoidable
- Most (64%) are **motivated** to reduce food waste

"If I was at a friends house and I saw them throwing away all the wasted food ... I'd be disgusted and disappointed in them"

"Throwing out that much food every week, that's \$2000 a year... that's a holiday"



Image source: www.qualityassurancemag.com



Effort required to change behaviours

- Some agree it requires an effort to change
 - planning (28%), shopping (27%), storing (23%), preparing (24%), disposing (23%)

On average:

- Many (43%) couples with children with below 17 years agree it requires an effort to change
- Many (46%) 18-34 years agree it requires an effort to change
- Many (41%) with +\$3,000 income agree it requires an effort to change



Misunderstandings about food waste (1)

- Underestimate their food waste (significantly!!)
 - Survey 2.03kg/wk/household vs 4.22kg in the calculated food waste
- Believe food waste only an issue when sent to landfill (i.e. compost or fed to pets is not problem!!)
 - further research to quantify the magnitude of this belief



Image source: thewingnutrva.files.wordpress.com



Image source: pulptastic.com/composting-10

"I don't waste food ...if anything is left it's composted ... never gets to land fill.

Why do I need to change?"

"We would have less waste if our Council supplied FOGO bins."



Misunderstandings about food waste (2)

- Don't realise uneaten food contributes to climate change
 - Further research to quantify the magnitude of this belief

"...[Really...]
...food being uneaten has an impact on climate change?"



Image source: https://www.foodsafetynews.com/2020/04/faoclimate-change-is-changing-food-safety-landscape/



In-home food waste reports

Summary of Behaviours, attitudes, perceived and actual food waste

Survey findings of behaviours and perceived food waste

Electronic-diary findings of recorded food waste and disposal methods

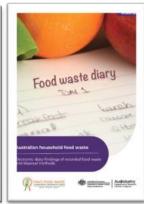
Kerbside bin audit findings of actual food waste

Focus group findings of attitudes to food waste

Choice model findings of food waste reduction interventions















Next steps...

FFWCRC Research project 'Designing effective interventions to reduce household food waste' will delivery another five reports this year:

Profiles of Australian households for food waste reduction interventions (WP3) – July

Priority interventions to reduce household food waste in Australia (WP5) - August

Framing messages for priority interventions to reduce household food waste in Australia (WP6) - October

Methodologies to measure impact of priority interventions to reduce household food waste in Australia (WP7) – August







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CQUniversity is a proud research partner in the Fight Food Waste Cooperative Research Centre.

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